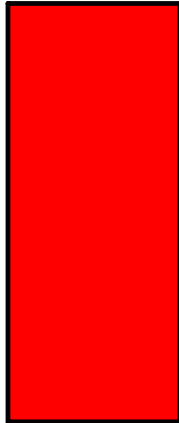


What are the variables (characteristics you can measure) of an object in motion?



$$dat \quad d = v_1t + 1/2at^2$$

$$vat \quad v_2 = v_1 + at$$

$$vad \quad v_2^2 = v_1^2 + 2ad$$

$$d\bar{v}t \quad d = \left(\frac{v_1 + v_2}{2}\right)t$$

- 1) list data- do any conversions if needed
 - 1a) draw diagram/picture if needed
- 2) "TM" type motion ...
list base formula ... simplify...
- 3) isolate variable
- 4) plug in measurements
-estimate
- 5) solve equation
-reasonableness
- 6) do unit analysis

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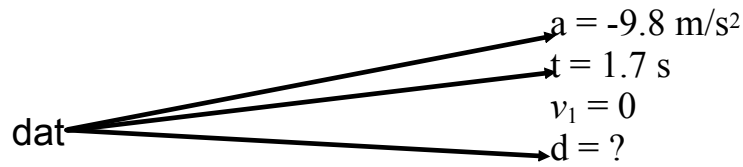
	$v_1 = 2.5 \text{ m/s}$
	$v_2 = 9.9 \text{ m/s}$
	$t = 3.7 \text{ s}$
dat	$a = ?$
vat	TM? <i>acceleration</i>
	$v_2 = v_1 + at$
vad	$a = \text{isolate } v_1/t$
dvt	$a = (9.9 \text{ m/s} - 2.5 \text{ m/s})/3.7 \text{ s}$

$$\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} = \left(\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} - \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \right) / \text{s}$$

$$\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} = 2.0 \text{ m/s}^2 / \text{s} = \text{m/s}^2$$

You drop a stone from a window and it hits the ground 1.7 seconds later. How far off the ground is the window?

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vat

TM? *accel*

vad

$$d = v_1 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$v_1 = 0 \text{ simplify}$$

dvt

$$\therefore d = \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$d = \frac{1}{2} (-9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)(1.7 \text{ s})^2$$

$$m = \quad \quad \text{m/s}^2 \quad \quad (\text{s}^2)$$

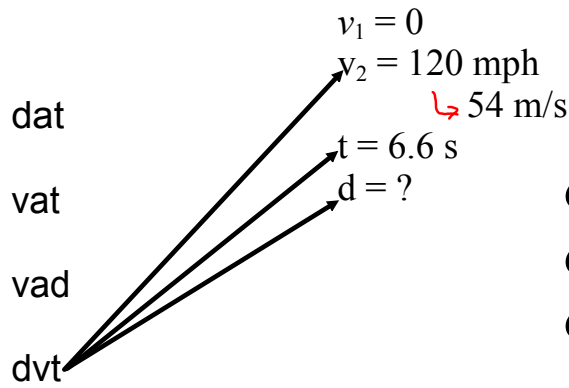
$$m = \quad \quad \quad m$$

$$d = -14 \text{ m}$$

\therefore the window is 14 m up

A car accelerates from rest to 120 mph in 6.6 seconds. How far does it go?

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How far does it go?



$$d = \bar{v}t$$

$$d = [(v_1 + v_2)/2] (t)$$

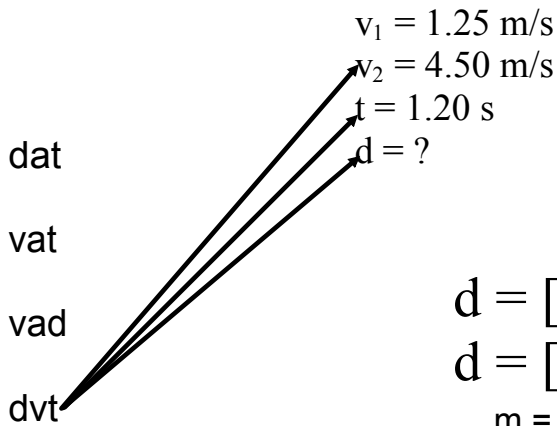
$$d = [(0 + 54 \text{ m/s})/2] (6.6 \text{ s})$$

$$m = \quad \quad \quad m/\cancel{s} \quad \quad (\cancel{s})$$

$$d = 180 \text{ m}$$

A runner accelerates from 1.25 m/s to 4.50 m/s in 1.20 seconds. How far did he go during the acceleration?

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$$d = [(v_1 + v_2)/2] (t)$$

$$d = [(1.25 + 4.50 \text{ m/s})/2] (1.20 \text{ s})$$

$$m = \quad \quad \quad m/\cancel{s} \quad \quad \quad (\cancel{s})$$

$$m = \quad \quad \quad m$$

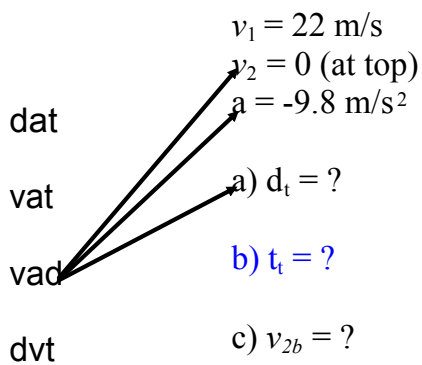
$$d = 3.45 \text{ m}$$

Little Katie throws a rock straight upward at 22 m/s.

- a) How high does it go?
- b) How long does it take to go to the top of its path?
- c) What speed does it hit the ground at on its return?

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a)

$$v_2^2 = v_1^2 + 2ad$$

$$d = \frac{v_2^2 - v_1^2}{2a}$$

$$d = \frac{0 - (22 \text{ m/s})^2}{2(-9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)}$$

$$d = 25 \text{ m}$$

b)

$$v_2 = v_1 + at$$

$$t = \frac{(v_2 - v_1)}{a}$$

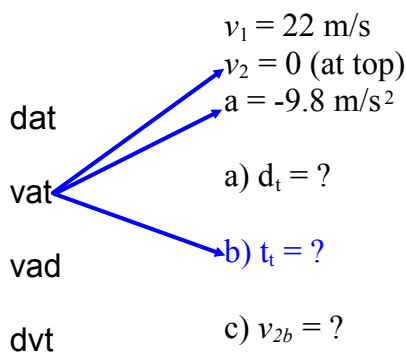
$$t = \frac{[0 - (22 \text{ m/s})]}{-9.8 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

$$t = 2.2 \text{ s}$$

c) $t_t = 2.2 \text{ s}$ (1/2 trip)
 $\therefore t_b = 4.4 \text{ s}$
 $v_2 = v_1 + at$
 $v_2 = 22 \text{ m/s} + (-9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)(4.4 \text{ s})$
 $v_2 = -21 \text{ m/s}$ (should be -22 m/s, but we rounded the time.)

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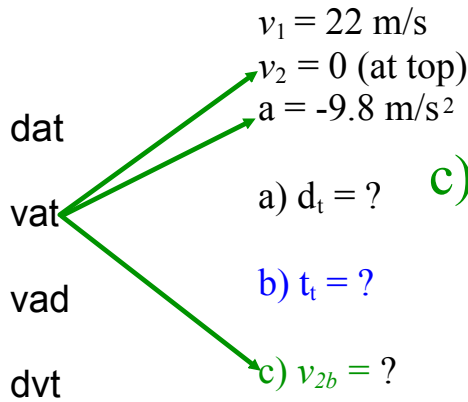
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a)
 $v_2^2 = v_1^2 + 2ad$
 $d = (v_2^2 - v_1^2) / 2a$
 $d = 0 - (22 \text{ m/s})^2 / [2(-9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)]$
 $d = 25 \text{ m}$

b)
 $v_2 = v_1 + at$
 $t = (v_2 - v_1) / a$
 $t = [0 - (22 \text{ m/s})] / -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $t = 2.2 \text{ s}$



a) $d_t = ?$ c) $t_t = 2.2 \text{ s}$ (1/2 trip)

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$v_2 = 22 \text{ m/s} + (-9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)(4.4 \text{ s})$

$v_2 = -21 \text{ m/s}$ (should be -22 m/s, the time.)

While deer hunting (from a tree) you shoot an arrow downward at 25 m/s. What velocity does it hit the ground at if you're 20. feet up?

A gun can accelerate a bullet from rest to 350. m/s in a 1.10 m barrel. a) What is the bullet's acceleration?
 b) How long is the bullet in the barrel?

$$v_1 = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_2 = 350. \text{ m/s}$$

$$d = 1.10 \text{ m}$$

a) $a = ?$

b) $t = ?$

a)

$$v_2^2 = v_1^2 + 2ad$$

$$a = v_2^2 / 2d$$

$$a = (350. \text{ m/s})^2 / (2 \times 1.10 \text{ m})$$

$$a = 55,700 \text{ m/s}^2$$

b)

$$d = v_1 + v_2 / 2 (t)$$

$$t = d / [(v_1 + v_2) / 2]$$

$$t = 1.10 \text{ m} (350 \text{ m/s} / 2)$$

$$t = .00629 \text{ s}$$